### Introduction to Statistical Learning

Tianhang Zheng https://tianzheng4.github.io

### Course Website

https://tianzheng4.github.io/umkc-teaching/2023-fall-teaching-1/

What are on the course website:

Lecture slides Lab material

**Contact Information** 

If you are interested in my research, feel free to contact me.

### Assignments and Requirements

- Course + Lab: Theory and Implementation 30%
- Course Project: Maximum four people in one group 20%
- Mid-term and Final Exams 20% + 30%

### Statistical Learning v.s. Tradition Programming

Traditional Programming: Given inputs, developers define the rules and program to obtain the outputs



Learning: Given inputs and outputs to learn the rules/program



### Statistical Learning v.s. Machine Learning

#### Definition (Mitchell, 1998)

A computer program is said to learn from experience *E* with respect to some class of tasks *T* and performance measure *P*, if its performance at tasks in *T*, as measured by *P*, improves with experience *E*.

Machine learning and deep learning emphasize large scale applications and prediction accuracy.

Statistical learning emphasizes models and their interpretability, and precision and uncertainty.

### Spam Detection

• Given features of emails, build a spam filter

	george	you	hp	free	!	edu	remove
spam	0.00	2.26	0.02	0.52	0.51	0.01	0.28
email	1.27	1.27	0.90	0.07	0.11	0.29	0.01

Average percentage of words or characters in an email message equal to the indicated word or character. We have chosen the words and characters showing the largest difference between spam and email.

### Digit Recognition

• Given the images of handwritten digits, recognize the digits



**MNIST** dataset

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/hojjatk/mn ist-dataset

### Text Classification



# Generating New Samples (Generative Models)



### Text-to-Image Generation



### Applications of Statistical Learning

- bioinformatics
- detecting network intrusion
- neuroscience
- medical diagnosis
- stock market analysis
- social network analysis
- traffic and infrastructure planning



- An Introduction to Statistical Learning
- Machine Learning with Python Tutorial (Optional)

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### Supervised Learning

Vector/Matrix/Tensor predictor X (also called inputs, regressors, covariates, features, independent variables)

Outcome Y (also called dependent variable, response, target)

#### **Objectives**:

- 1. Accurately predict the outcomes of unseen test cases
- 2. Understand which inputs affect the outcome, and how
- 3. Assess the quality of our predictions and inferences



### Unsupervised Learning

No outcome variable, just a set of predictors (features) measured on a set of samples.

#### **Objectives**:

- 1. Find groups of samples that behave similarly
- 2. Find the most important sets of features



### Unsupervised Learning



Negative:  $I^-$ 

### Semi-Supervised Learning

- Semi-supervised learning can be viewed as a mix of supervised and unsupervised learning.
- In semi-supervised learning tasks, some training examples have outcomes, but some do not.



### Reinforcement Learning



### Category of learning problems

Spam Detection: Supervised or Unsupervised?

Digit Recognition: Supervised or Unsupervised?

Generative Models: Supervised or Unsupervised?

Text-to-Image Generation: Supervised or Unsupervised?

### Implementation Tools



### Python Resources

- Kaggle: <u>https://www.kaggle.com/learn/python</u>
- Learn Python: <a href="https://www.learnpython.org/">https://www.learnpython.org/</a>
- Python for Beginners by Microsoft: <u>https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/shows/intro-to-python-development/</u>
- Python for Everybody (up to 6 hours): <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8DvywoWv6fl</u>
- Google it
- Introduction to Python (next course)

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## Q & A